NSW Department of Education



Coutts Crossing Public School Behaviour Support and Management Plan



Overview

Coutts Crossing Public School is committed to explicitly teaching and modelling positive behaviour and to supporting all students to be engaged with their learning.

Our goal is to inspire every child to participate positively in society. We focus on promoting excellence, opportunity and success for every student, every day. We value and strive to develop safe, respectful learners in a caring learning community.

Principles of positive behaviour support, trauma-informed practice, inclusive practice and social emotional learning underpin our daily practice. High expectations for student behaviour are established and maintained through effective role modelling, explicit teaching, and planned responses.

To achieve our vision, key programs prioritised and valued by the school community are:

- Trauma Informed Practice
- Zones of Regulation
- Second Steps
- Mindfulness Monday
- Wellbeing Wednesday
- Student Wellbeing Officer access

Coutts Crossing Public School rejects all forms of bullying behaviours, including cyberbullying by maintaining a commitment to providing a safe, inclusive, and respectful learning community that promotes student wellbeing. Staff are committed to establishing evidence-based approaches and strategies that promote a positive climate where bullying is less likely to occur.

All members of the school community are active participants in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity and fosters positive relationships. A key component of a supportive school culture is building respectful relationships and an ethos that bullying is not accepted, in both online and offline environments. School staff actively respond to student bullying behaviour.

Partnership with parents and carers

Coutts Crossing Public School will partner with parents/carers in establishing expectations for engagement in developing and implementing student behaviour management and bullying strategies, by:

• inviting parent/carer and student feedback through formal and informal means such as school surveys, Tell Them From Me surveys, consulting with the P & C and local AECG

Coutts Crossing Public School will communicate these expectations to parents/carers through the school newsletter. Our school proactively builds collaborative relationships with families and communities to create a shared understanding of how to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

School-wide expectations and values

Coutts Crossing Public School has the following school-wide rules and expectations:

To be **respectful**, **safe** and **responsible** and strive for **personal best**.

| Respectful | Safe and Responsible | Personal Best |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Listen to and follow instructions | Move sensibly | Ask for help |
| Use appropriate language | Right place, right time | Work together |
| Share and take turns | Use equipment correctly | Be ready to learn |
| Be well-mannered | Choose my actions and words appropriately | Encourage others |
| Look after my environment | Personal space – keep hands/feet to my self | Make positive choices |

Behaviour code for students

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive and responsive learning environments for everyone. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students.

Coutts Crossing Public School takes strong action in response to behaviour that is detrimental to self or others or to the achievement of high-quality teaching and learning. See the <u>Behaviour Code</u> for Students for more details.

Whole school approach across the care continuum

Our school embeds student wellbeing and positive behaviour approaches and strategies in practices across the care continuum to promote positive behaviour and respond to behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyberbullying behaviour.

These approaches and strategies are built on a foundation of evidence-based effective classroom practices that set the tone for engagement with learning and respectful relationships. These practices include:

- stating and explicitly teaching classroom expectations
- establishing predictable routines and procedures that are communicated clearly to students
- encouraging expected behaviour with positive feedback and reinforcement
- discouraging inappropriate behaviour
- providing active supervision of students
- maximising opportunities for active engagement with learning
- providing carefully sequenced engaging lessons that provide options for student choice
- differentiating learning content and tasks to meet the needs of all students.

| Care Continuum | Strategy or Program | Details | Audience |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Prevention | Breakfast Club | School community run a breakfast club program that provides access to a free healthy breakfast and builds strong student-teacher connections. | Staff, students K - 6 |
| Prevention | Social emotional Programs | Our school explicitly teaches social emotional skills to all students using Zones of Regulation and Second Steps. Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying | Staff & students |
| Prevention/ Early intervention | School Values | Weekly assemblies highlighting school values Award system Student Leadership Team initiatives | Students K-6 |
| Prevention/ Eary Intervention | Student / parent voice | TTFM surveysSchool based surveysStudent Leadership Team | All students, families, staff |
| Targeted intervention | Attendance support | The principal will convene a planning meeting with students, families and teachers to address barriers to improved attendance and set growth goals. | Individual students, principal |
| Targeted / individual intervention | Personalised supports Cultural connectedness | Small group interventions Learning and Support Team Adjustments to student learning Individual Education Plans Personalised Learning Pathways Transition programs | Principal, individual students K - 6, families |
| Individual intervention | Individual Behaviour Support Planning | Planning is done in collaboration with the student and their family with support from Team Around a School where needed. This can include individual behaviour support and risk management plans. | Individual students, staff |

Planned responses to positive appropriate behaviour, inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying

Identifying behaviour of concern, including bullying and cyberbullying

A behaviour of concern is challenging, complex or unsafe behaviour that requires more persistent and intensive interventions. A behaviour of concern does not include low-level inappropriate or developmentally appropriate behaviour. Bullying behaviour involves the intentional misuse of power in a relationship, is ongoing and repeated and involves behaviour that can cause harm.

Coutts Crossing Public School staff will identify inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying through a range of channels, for example:

- directly observing a child or young person's behaviours, interactions, verbal communications, or work produced (such as written materials, performances or artworks)
- a person disclosing information that is not previously known, either because it is new information or because it has been kept a secret
- concerns raised by a parent, community member or agency.

Students or parents can report bullying to any staff member. NSW public school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds, including cyberbullying. Students who have been bullied will be offered appropriate support, for example through their classroom teacher, Principal or school counselling service.

Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:

- at school
- on the way to and from school
- on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
- outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
- when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Preventing and responding to behaviours of concern

Coutts Crossing Public School uses the following strategies to recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations:

The use of verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is the most powerful way to:

- help adults and learners to focus on positive social behaviour
- increase the likelihood that students will use the expected behaviours and skills in the future
- decrease unexpected behaviour and reduce the need for corrective responses
- enhance self-esteem and build an internal focus of control.

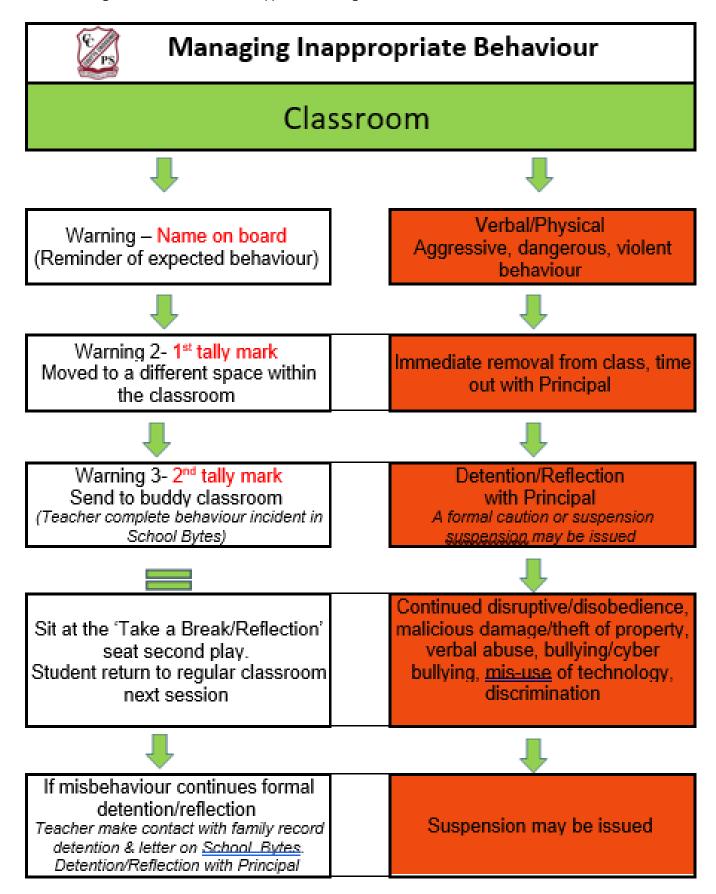
Specific positive feedback may not be sufficiently reinforcing for some students, so the school-wide continuum provides the opportunity to pair verbal or non-verbal feedback with a positive, tangible consequence.

The school-wide continuum for acknowledging expected behaviour includes:

- free and frequent for everyday use by all staff in all settings eg, cool cards, class dojo
- moderate and intermittent awarded occasionally eg, Merit and Star Awards (including principal focus awards as star awards)
- significant and infrequent –semester or annual types of recognition eg Bronze, Sliver, Gold Awards

| Prevention | Early Intervention | Targeted/Individualised |
|--|--|--|
| Responses to recognise and reinforce positive, inclusive and safe behaviour | Responses to minor inappropriate behaviour. | Responses to behaviours of concern. |
| Behaviour expectations are taught and referred to regularly. Staff model behaviours and provide opportunities for practice. Students are acknowledged for meeting school-wide expectations and rules. | Refer to school-wide expectations and/or emotional regulation visuals and/or supports so that the student can self- regulate. | Seek help from principal or other staff member if there is a risk to safety. Otherwise notify principal ASAP. |
| Verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is paired with a positive, tangible reinforcer in a school-wide continuum for acknowledging expected behaviour. | 2. Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, non-verbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback | 2. Principal/CT to take immediate steps to restore safety and return the situation to calm by using appropriate strategies such as: redirecting to another area or activity, providing reassurance or offering choices. |
| | | Incident review and planning is scheduled for a later time determined by the context and nature of the incident. |
| 3. Tangible reinforcers include those that are: free and frequent moderate and intermittent significant and infrequent Intermittent and infrequent reinforcers are recorded on the centralised recording system. | 3. Use direct responses e.g. Rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before a low-level consequence is applied. | 3. Principal collects information and review the incident from multiple perspectives and determine next steps. Principal records the incident on the centralised recording system and contact parent/carer by email or phone. Principal may consider further action eg: formal caution/suspension. |
| 4. All social-emotional learning programs are taught explicitly | 4. Teacher records on the centralised recording system by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated. | 4. Refer to the school's Learning and Support Team or APLaS considering current and previous behaviour data. Other actions may include developing a behaviour support/response plan and/or completing a risk assessment. |
| Teacher/parent contact | Teacher/parent contact | Teacher/parent contact |
| Teacher contact through the parent portal or phone calls home are used to communicate student effort to meet expectations. | Teacher contacts parents by phone or email when a range of corrective responses have not been successful. In some cases, individual | Principal contacts parent/carer to discuss any support and behaviour responses, including referral to the LST, outside agencies or Team Around a School. |
| | planning and referral to LST may be discussed. | |

| Responses to positive appropriate behaviour | Frequency |
|---|---|
| Cool Cards Classroom Merit Awards | Free and frequent. Awarded to students by any staff members for demonstrating positive behaviours and placed into a box and drawn as a raffle at the end of each week. Students receive a reward (voucher, prize) Classroom based – positive work habits, academic achievement across any KLA, effort in class, achieving set learning goals, improvement in any KLA. |
| | Awarded at Friday Assemblies |
| | Minimum - every student to receive at least one per term. |
| Star Value Awards Earned by; • representing CCPS at community events • representing CCPS at sport beyond school-based activities • participation in co-curricular activities • being a peer support leader • attending 90% + for half term • exemplary manners and / or behaviour • sportsmanship • citizenship • uniform | Awarded to students by any school staff member for demonstrating their commitment to our school core values of being respectful, being safe and responsible and demonstrating their personal best. All students begin each calendar year with a zero balance and work hard throughout the year to earn Star Awards. Star awards are presented in class or at morning assemblies as appropriate. Staff record the award on school bytes as they tally towards higher awards. |
| Bronze Award | 5 star awards; awards presented at Friday assemblies |
| Silver Award | 10 star awards; awards presented at Friday assemblies and icy pole given |
| Gold Award | 15 star awards; awards presented at stand alone event/or assembly with morning/afternoon tea with families invited |
| Diamond Award | 20 star awards; presented stand alone event/or assembly with morning/afternoon tea with families invited |



^{*}reflection time



Managing Inappropriate Behaviour

Playground



Verbal/Physical Aggressive, dangerous,

Warning 1 – Verbal reminder of expected behaviour



Aggressive, dangerous, discriminatory, damage to property, violent behaviour



Warning 2- 'Take a Break/Reflection' seat for remainder of break time OR

Walk with teacher on duty

Immediate removal from playground - Principal notified





Resolution / Detention / Reflection

Reporting staff member to record in School Bytes, complete detention letter and inform classroom teacher



Detention / Reflection

A formal caution of suspension may be issued



Ongoing or continued inappropriate playground behaviour or multiple detentions Serious incident or continued disruptive/disobedience, malicious damage/theft of property, verbal abuse, bullying/cyber bullying, misuse of technology, discrimination





Alternate playground arrangements

Reported in School Bytes and teacher to inform parents of plan to support student Suspension may be issued

Responses to serious behaviours of concern

Response to all student misbehaviour is: calm, consistent, respectful and private. Responses, including students who display serious behaviours of concern, are recorded in the centralised recording system. These may include:

- review and document incident
- determine appropriate response/s, including supports for staff or other students impacted
- refer/monitor the student through the school learning and support team
- develop or review individual student support planning, including teaching positive replacement behaviour and making learning and environmental adjustments
- reflection and restorative practices (listed below)
- liaise with Team Around a School for additional support or advice
- communication and collaboration with parents/carers (phone, email, parent portal, meeting)
- formal caution to suspend, suspension or expulsion.

The NSW Department of Education <u>Student Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion</u> Procedures apply to all NSW public schools.

Reporting and recording behaviours of concern

Staff will comply with reporting and responding processes outlined in the:

- Incident Notification and Response policy and Incident Notification and Response Procedures
- Student Behaviour policy and procedures
- If a behaviour of concern is also a child protection matter use the <u>Mandatory Reporting</u> Guideline Tool.

Students and/or parents/carers can report cyberbullying to the <u>eSafety Commissioner</u> and reporting links for most sites, games and apps can be found at the <u>eSafety Guide</u>.

Reflection practices

Toilet and food breaks are always included when withdrawal from free choice play at either break is planned as a response to behaviour.

| Action | When and how long? | Who coordinates? | How are these recorded? |
|---|--|------------------------|---|
| Reflection Seat conversation (problem- solving) – What happened, what did you do, who was impacted and what could you do instead next time. | Reflection time occurs with every incident. Completed in class or during formal detention/reflection second half of play time at either recess or lunch (20 minutes max depending on age of child) | Teacher/ Principal | Documented in school record system |
| 5 formal detentions over term = Level 1 | Not permitted to attend events or represent the school without permission of the Principal | Teacher / Principal | Documented in school record system. Parents informed by email and phone call by Principal to parents |
| More than 5 formal detentions over term = Level 2 | Not permitted to attend events or represent the school without permission of the Principal | Principal | Documented in school record system. Parents informed and invited in for |
| | Formal Caution of Suspension may be advised | mee | meeting |

Review dates

Last review date: 9th December 2024 Next review date: 9th December 2025